1	S.55
2	Introduced by Senators Lyons, Campion, Balint, Bray, Cummings, Ingram,
3	McCormack, Pearson, Pollina, and Sears
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Environmental health; toxic substances; chemicals of high concern to
7	children
8	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to establish an
9	Interagency Committee on Chemical Management to evaluate chemical
10	inventories in the State and identify potential risks from the inventories. The
11	bill would require a manufacturer of a children's product containing a chemical
12	of high concern to children (CHCC) to report the brand name, product model,
13	and available universal product code of a product. The Commissioner of
14	Health would be authorized to add a chemical to the CHCC list on the basis of
15	independent, peer-reviewed scientific research. The bill would allow the
16	Commissioner of Health by rule to restrict the sale of or require the labeling of
17	a children's product containing a CHCC after consultation with the Working
18	Group, instead of upon recommendation of the Working Group. The bill
19	would authorize the Commissioner of Health to restrict the sale or require
20	labeling of a children's product with a CHCC if the Commissioner determines
21	children may be exposed to a CHCC in the product.

1	An act relating to the regulation of toxic substances and hazardous materials
2	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
3	* * * Toxics Use Reduction and Reporting * * *
4	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6633 is added to read:
5	<u>§ 6633. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL MANAGEMENT</u>
6	(a) Creation. There is created the Interagency Committee on Chemical
7	Management in the State to:
8	(1) evaluate chemical inventories in the State on an annual basis;
9	(2) identify potential risks to human health and the environment from
10	chemical inventories in the State; and
11	(3) propose measures or mechanisms to address the identified risks from
12	chemical inventories in the State.
13	(b) Membership. The Interagency Committee on Chemical Management
14	shall be composed of the following eight members:
15	(1) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;
16	(2) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;
17	(3) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
18	(4) the Commissioner of Labor or designee;
19	(5) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
20	(6) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or
21	designee;

1	(7) the Commissioner of Information and Innovation, or the
2	Commissioner of the successor department, or designee;
3	(8) the Secretary of Transportation or designee.
4	(c) Powers and duties. The Interagency Committee on Chemical
5	Management shall:
6	(1) Convene a citizen advisory panel to provide input and expertise to
7	the Committee. The citizen advisory panel shall consist of persons with
8	expertise in;
9	(A) toxicology;
10	(B) environmental law;
11	(C) manufacturing products;
12	(D) environmental health;
13	(E) public health;
14	(F) risk analysis;
15	(G) maternal and child health care;
16	(H) occupational health;
17	(I) industrial hygiene;
18	(J) public policy;
19	(K) chemical management by academic institutions;
20	(L) retail sales; and

1	(M) development and administration of information reporting
2	technology or databases.
3	(2) Monitor actions taken by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
4	(EPA) to regulate chemicals under the Toxic Substances Control Act,
5	15 U.S.C. chapter 53, and notify relevant State agencies of any EPA action
6	relevant to the jurisdiction of the agency.
7	(3) Annually review chemical inventories in the State in relation to
8	emerging scientific evidence in order to identify chemicals of high concern not
9	regulated by the State.
10	(d) Assistance. The Interagency Committee on Chemical Management
11	shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of
12	Natural Resources; the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets; the
13	Department of Health; the Department of Public Safety; the Department
14	of Labor; the Agency of Commerce and Community Development; and the
15	Department of Information and Innovation. The Interagency Committee on
16	Chemical Management shall have the assistance of the Office of Legislative
17	Council for legislative drafting and the assistance of the Joint Fiscal Office for
18	the fiscal and economic analyses.
19	(e) Report. On or before January 15, and annually thereafter, the
20	Interagency Committee on Chemical Management shall report to the Senate
21	Committees on Natural Resources and Energy; on Health and Welfare; and on

1	Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House
2	Committees on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife; on Human Services; and
3	on Commerce and Economic Development regarding the actions of the
4	Committee. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) regarding expiration of
5	required reports shall not apply to the report to be made under this section.
6	The report shall include:
7	(1) an estimate or summary of the known chemical inventories in the
8	State, as determined by metrics or measures established by the Committee;
9	(2) a summary of any change under federal statute or rule affecting the
10	regulation of chemicals in the State;
11	(3) recommended legislative or regulatory action to address the risks
12	posed by new or emerging chemicals of high concern; and
13	(4) recommended legislative or regulatory action to reduce health risks
14	from exposure to chemicals of high concern and reduce risks of harm to the
15	natural environment.
16	(f) Meetings.
17	(1) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall be the Chair of the
18	Interagency Committee on Chemical Management.
19	(2) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall call the first meeting of the
20	Interagency Committee on Chemical Management to occur on or before July 1,
21	<u>2019.</u>

1	(3) A majority of the membership of the Interagency Committee on
2	Chemical Management shall constitute a quorum.
3	(4) The Interagency Committee on Chemical Management shall meet no
4	more than four times in a calendar year.
5	(g) Authority of agencies. The establishment of the Interagency
6	Committee on Chemical Management shall not limit the independent authority
7	of a State agency to regulate chemical use or management under existing State
8	or applicable federal law.
9	Sec. 2. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL MANAGEMENT;
10	REPORT ON TOXIC USE REDUCTION AND REPORTING
11	On or before January 15, 2020, after consultation with the citizen advisory
12	panel and as part of the first report required under 10 V.S.A. § 6633(e), the
13	Interagency Committee on Chemical Management shall:
14	(1) Recommend how the State shall establish a centralized or unified
15	electronic reporting system to facilitate compliance by businesses and other
16	entities with chemical reporting and other regulatory requirements in the State.
17	The recommendation shall:
18	(A) identify a State agency or department to establish and administer
19	the reporting system;
20	(B) estimate the staff and funding necessary to administer the
21	reporting system;

1	(C) propose how businesses and the public can access information
2	submitted to or maintained as part of the reporting systems, including whether
3	access to certain information or categories of information should be limited due
4	to statutory requirements, regulatory requirements, trade secret protection, or
5	other considerations;
6	(D) propose how information maintained as part of the reporting
7	system can be accessed, including whether the information should be
8	searchable by: chemical name, common name, brand name, product model,
9	Global Product Classification (GPC) product brick description, standard
10	industrial classification, chemical facility, geographic area, zip code, or
11	address:
12	(E) propose how manufacturers of consumer products or subsets of
13	consumer products shall report or notify the State of the presence of designated
14	chemicals of concern in a consumer product and how information reported by
15	manufacturers is made available to the public;
16	(F) propose a method for displaying information or filtering or
17	refining search results so that information maintained on the reporting system
18	can be accessed or identified in a serviceable or functional manner for all users
19	of the system, including governmental agencies or departments, commercial
20	and industrial businesses reporting to the system, nonprofit associations, and
21	citizens; and

1	(G) estimate a timeline for establishment of the reporting system.
2	(2) Recommend statutory amendments and regulatory revisions to
3	existing State record keeping and reporting requirements for chemicals,
4	hazardous materials, and hazardous wastes in order to facilitate assessment of
5	risks to human health and the environment posed by the use of chemicals in the
6	State. The recommendations shall include:
7	(A) the thresholds or amounts of chemicals used, manufactured, or
8	distributed, and hazardous materials and hazardous wastes generated or
9	managed in the State that require record keeping and reporting;
10	(B) the persons or entities using, manufacturing, or distributing
11	chemicals and generating or managing hazardous materials and hazardous
12	wastes that are subject to record keeping and reporting requirements; and
13	(C) any changes required to streamline and modernize existing record
14	keeping and reporting requirements to facilitate compliance by businesses and
15	other entities.
16	(3) Recommend amendments to the requirements for Toxic Use
17	Reduction and Hazardous Waste Reduction under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159,
18	subchapter 2 that shall include:
19	(A) The list of chemicals or materials subject to the reporting and
20	planning requirements. The list of chemicals or materials shall include and be
21	in addition to the chemicals or substances listed under Title III, Section 313 of

1	the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 18 V.S.A.
2	§ 1773 (chemicals of high concern to children).
3	(B) The thresholds or amounts of chemicals used or hazardous waste
4	generated by a person that require reporting and planning.
5	(C) The information to be reported, including:
6	(i) the quantity of hazardous waste generated and the quantity of
7	hazardous waste managed during a year;
8	(ii) the quantity of toxic substances, or raw material resulting in
9	hazardous waste, used during a year;
10	(iii) an assessment of the effect of each hazardous waste reduction
11	measure and toxics use reduction measure implemented; and
12	(iv) a description of factors during a year that have affected toxics
13	use, hazardous waste generation, releases into the environment, and on-site and
14	off-site hazardous waste management.
15	(D) The persons or entities using chemicals or generating hazardous
16	waste that are subject to reporting and planning.
17	(E) Proposed revisions to the toxic chemical or hazardous waste
18	reduction planning requirements, including conditions or criteria that qualify a
19	person to complete a plan.
20	(F) Any changes to streamline and modernize the program to improve
21	its effectiveness.

1	(4) Draft legislation to implement the Committee's recommendations
2	under subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this section.
3	* * * Chemicals of High Concern to Children * * *
4	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 1775(b) is amended to read:
5	(b) Format for notice. The Commissioner shall specify the format for
6	submission of the notice required by subsection (a) of this section, provided
7	that the required format shall be generally consistent with the format for
8	submission of notice in other states with requirements substantially similar to
9	the requirements of this section. Any notice submitted under subsection (a)
10	shall contain the following information:
11	(1) the name of the chemical used or produced and its chemical abstracts
12	service registry number;
13	(2) a description of the product or product component containing the
14	chemical, including the brand name, the product model, and the universal
15	product code if the product has such a code;
16	(3) the amount of the chemical contained in each unit of the product or
17	product component, reported by weight or parts per million as authorized by
18	the Commissioner;
19	(4) the name and address of the manufacturer of the children's product
20	and the name, address, and telephone number of a contact person for the
21	manufacturer;

1	(5) any other information the manufacturer deems relevant to the
2	appropriate use of the product; and
3	(6) any other information required by the Commissioner under rules
4	adopted pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
5	Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 1776 is amended to read:
6	§ 1776. RULEMAKING; ADDITIONAL CHEMICALS OF CONCERN TO
7	CHILDREN; PROHIBITION OF SALE
8	* * *
9	(b) Additional chemicals of concern to children. The Commissioner may
10	by rule add additional chemicals to the list of chemicals of high concern to
11	children, provided that the Commissioner of Health, on the basis of the weight
12	of credible independent, peer-reviewed, scientific evidence has research,
13	determined determines that a chemical proposed for addition to the list meets
14	both of the following criteria in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection:
15	(1) The Commissioner of Health has determined that an authoritative
16	governmental entity or accredited research university has demonstrated that the
17	chemical:
18	(A) harms the normal development of a fetus or child or causes other
19	developmental toxicity;
20	(B) causes cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm;
21	(C) disrupts the endocrine system;

1	(D) damages the nervous system, immune system, or organs or
2	causes other systemic toxicity; or
3	(E) is a persistent bioaccumulative toxic.
4	(2) The chemical has been found through:
5	(A) biomonitoring to be present in human blood, umbilical cord
6	blood, breast milk, urine, or other bodily tissues or fluids;
7	(B) sampling and analysis to be present in household dust, indoor air,
8	drinking water, or elsewhere in the home environment; or
9	(C) monitoring to be present in fish, wildlife, or the natural
10	environment.
11	* * *
11 12	<ul><li>* * *</li><li>(d) Rule to regulate sale or distribution.</li></ul>
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12 13 14	<ul> <li>(d) Rule to regulate sale or distribution.</li> <li>(1) The Commissioner, upon the recommendation of <u>after consultation</u> with the Chemicals of High Concern to Children Working Group, may adopt a</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>(d) Rule to regulate sale or distribution.</li> <li>(1) The Commissioner, upon the recommendation of after consultation</li> <li>with the Chemicals of High Concern to Children Working Group, may adopt a rule to regulate the sale or distribution of a children's product containing a</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16	<ul> <li>(d) Rule to regulate sale or distribution.</li> <li>(1) The Commissioner, upon the recommendation of <u>after consultation</u> with the Chemicals of High Concern to Children Working Group, may adopt a rule to regulate the sale or distribution of a children's product containing a chemical of high concern to children upon a determination that:</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(d) Rule to regulate sale or distribution.</li> <li>(1) The Commissioner, upon the recommendation of after consultation with the Chemicals of High Concern to Children Working Group, may adopt a rule to regulate the sale or distribution of a children's product containing a chemical of high concern to children upon a determination that:</li> <li>(A) children will may be exposed to a chemical of high concern to</li> </ul>

1	children's product, exposure could cause or contribute to one or more of the
2	adverse health impacts listed under subdivision (b)(1) of this section.
3	(2) In determining whether children will $\underline{may}$ be exposed to a chemical
4	of high concern in a children's product, the Commissioner shall review
5	available, credible information regarding:
б	(A) the market presence of the children's product in the State;
7	(B) the type or occurrence of exposures to the relevant chemical of
8	high concern to children in the children's product;
9	(C) the household and workplace presence of the children's
10	product; or
11	(D) the potential and frequency of exposure of children to the
12	chemical of high concern to children in the children's product.
13	(3) A rule adopted under this section may:
14	(A) prohibit the children's product containing the chemical of high
15	concern to children from sale, offer for sale, or distribution in the State; or
16	(B) require that the children's product containing the chemical of
17	high concern to children be labeled prior to sale, offer for sale, or distribution
18	in the State.
19	(4) In any rule adopted under this subsection, the Commissioner shall
20	adopt reasonable time frames for manufacturers, distributors, and retailers to
21	comply with the requirements of the rules. No prohibition on sale or

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1	manufacture of a children's product in the State shall take effect sooner than
2	two years after the adoption of a rule adopted under this section unless the
3	Commissioner determines that an earlier effective date is required to protect
4	human health and the new effective date is established by rule.
5	(5) The Chemicals of High Concern to Children Working Group may, at
6	its discretion, submit to the House Committees on Natural Resources, Fish, and
7	Wildlife and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Natural
8	Resources and Energy and on Health and Welfare the recommendations or
9	information from a consultation provided to the Commissioner under
10	subdivision (1) of this subsection.
11	* * *
12	* * * Effective Dates * * *
13	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES
14	(a) This section and Secs. 1 (Interagency Committee on Chemical
15	Management) and 2 (report on toxic use reduction and reporting) shall take
16	effect on passage.

(b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2019.